Myeloproliferative Neoplasms: Fatigue, depression & hemoglobin

Objective: To evaluate existing relationships and differences in fatigue, depression, and hemoglobin value in individuals with Myeloproliferative Neoplasms. Methods: This study utilized the Fatigue Severity Scale, Beck Depression Inventory-II, and self-report of MPN diagnosis and latest hemoglobin value to assess the dependent variables. To promote optimal opportuni ...

Synergy of blood grouping and body sweating

Objective of the present study was to correlate blood grouping with “sweating in body”. ABO typing is the test to determine your blood group. In this test, you had to mix your blood with antibodies which were against the type of blood A and blood B. Blood typing is very important during pregnancy. When you had done the blood typing you have to see either Rh factor is ...

Outcome of blood group system on selfie loving

Published On: February 07, 2019 | Pages: 001 - 002
Objective of the present study was co-relating blood groping with selfie lover. A questionnaire was prepared about Selfie lover. Total numbers of students were 169 students in this research and the average age of students was 18-22 years. All the students give answer according to their blood group. Results completed according to project. We took blood sample of every ...
Chronic demyelinating polyneuropathy associated with anti-ganglioside GQ1b antibodies in peripheral T-cell lymphoma

Published On: May 23, 2019 | Pages: 008 - 010

Author(s): Salem Bahashwan*, Carolyne Croizier, Xavier Moisset, Romain Guièze, Bertrand Evrard, Olivier Tournilhac, Jacques-Olivier Bay and Richard Lemal

Malignant lymphoma can cause peripheral neuropathy through various mechanisms. We report the case of 67-year-old man with chronic motor and sensory axonal demyelinating polyneuropathy associated with anti-ganglioside GQ1b antibodies in serum and cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) as an initial presentation of peripheral T-cell lymphoma, not otherwise specified. The patient was ...

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Recurrent thrombosis in a multiple myeloma patient with low risk for thrombosis despite being on thromboprophylaxis

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Author(s): Chow Siew Kian* and Fu Mei Sian

It is a well-known fact that multiple myeloma (MM) patients have an increased risk for thromboembolic events involving both the venous and arterial territories. The etiologies can be multifactorial, for example, activation of procoagulant factors, acquired protein C resistance, MM-specified and treatment-related factors. The risk of venous thrombosis is high when pati ...

DOI: 10.17352/ahcrr.000015