Versatility in Mandibular Reconstruction after Ablative Tumor Surgery, Single Center Experience

Author(s): Mohamed Tarek Hafez*, Khaled Abdel Wahab, Sameh Rosdy, Fayez Shahatto, Waleed el Nahas, Mohamed El Metwally, Fathy Denewer, Omar Farouk and Adel Denewer

Background: The aetiology of the ameloblastoma is still unclear. Several studies have searched for the presence of human papillomavirus (HPV) in ameloblastomas, however the results have been mixed. Our aim is to clarify this possible association, and to determine if p16 is a reliable surrogate marker for the presence of HPV in these tumours.

Correlation between Bispectral Index and Sleep Stage of Patients with Obstructive Sleep Apnea-Hypopnea Syndrome

Published On: March 30, 2016 | Pages: 016 - 019
Author(s): Shu Hua Li*, Chan Meng, Chunhai Shi and Renyi He

Objective: The aim of this study was to evaluate the correlation between bispectral indexes (BIS) and sleep staging in patients with moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea-hypopnea syndrome (OSAHS) under natural sleep conditions.

An Assessment of the Levels of Anxiety and Depression in Patients with Recurrent Aphthous Stomatitis

Published On: January 08, 2016 | Pages: 001 - 005

Author(s): Nagihan Bilal*, M Fatih Karakus, Mihriban Dalkiran Varkal, Osman Fatih Boztepe, Bora Bilal and Selman Sarca

Backgrounds: There is a lack of valid and reliable studies in literature on both the distinctive and ambiguous relationship between the psychological profile and the occurrence of recurrent aphthous ulcers in the individual.

Polymorphous Low-Grade Adenocarcinoma: A Rare Cause of Long-term Epistaxis

Published On: June 14, 2016 | Pages: 027 - 029

Author(s): Teng-Chin Wang*, Yi-Tsung Yang, and Ming-Tsun Tsai

Polymorphous low-grade adenocarcinoma (PLGA) of the paranasal sinus is an extremely rare disease. PLGA is a minor salivary gland neoplasm that occurs mostly in the junction of the soft and hard palate, followed by the buccal mucosa and upper lip. Only a few cases have been reported in the sinonasal area. PLGA generally follows a benign clinical course with frequent pe...
Treatment of Ankyloglosia with Coblation Assisted Surgery

Published On: May 12, 2016 | Pages: 025 - 026

Author(s): Caner Sahin*

Ankyloglossia is a disease characterized by difficulty in breast-feeding, limitation of tongue, and speech disorders. Prevalence of the disease is %1-10 in the literature (1). Cold knife, Laser surgery, electro cautery methods are used in the surgical treatment of the disease. Coblation radiofrequency technology provides low temperature work with minimal damage to nei ...

Abstract View  Full Article View  DOI: 10.17352/2455-1759.000017

Tertiary Nasal Syphilis: Rare But Still a Reality

Published On: March 25, 2016 | Pages: 013 - 015

Author(s): Bipin Kishore Prasad* and Suresh Mokamati

Introduction Tertiary syphilis shows most marked manifestations in the nose causing superficial and deep ulcerations and gumma. Gummatous deposit may occur in any portion of the nose. The deformity resulting from the destruction of the bony frame work of the nose and the shrinking of fibroid tissue produces typical saddle nose which is characteristic of syphilis. ...

Abstract View  Full Article View  DOI: 10.17352/2455-1759.000014

Adenocarcinoma of Ceruminous Glands: Role of the VMAT

Published On: February 22, 2016 | Pages: 009 - 012

Author(s): Simona Vallarelli, Stefania Stucci*, Marco Tucci, Nicola Quaranta, Donatella Russo, Marco Moschetta and Franco Silvestris

Adenocarcinoma of the ceruminous glands is a rare malignancy arising from the glands of the external auditory canal. In most patients it is usually diagnosed as locally advanced disease with a major obstacle for radical surgery. ...

Abstract View  Full Article View  DOI: 10.17352/2455-1759.000013
Infant Odontogenic Myxoma: Case Report and Literature Review of a Specific Entity Recently Described

Published On: January 21, 2016 | Pages: 006 - 008

Author(s): Elena Ruíz Bravo-Burguillos*, Jose Juan Pozo Kreilinger, Jesús Manuel Muñoz Caro and Antonio Ríos Parra

Odontogenic myxomas are benign mesenchymal neoplasm most of them diagnosed in adults. They are uncommon in the paediatric population and exceptional in infants, with only 21 cases reported in the literature under the age of 2 years. ...