Early clinical experience using the maxillary sinus antrostomy in “office rhinology”- currently dominated by balloon sinus dilation

Published On: June 30, 2018 | Pages: 044 - 047

Author(s): Gary J Nishioka*

Background: Is there a role for the maxillary sinus antrostomy (MSA) in office rhinology which currently is dominated by balloon dilation (BSD)?

Introduction: The objective of this study was to retrospectively examine “office rhinology” patients who underwent in-office MSAs and identify relevant qualitative differences when compared to patients who underwent a maxil ...

Abstract View | Full Article View | DOI: 10.17352/2455-1759.000074

Positional changes in the hyoid bone, hypopharynx, cervical vertebrae, and Cranium before and after correction of glosso-larynx (CGL)

Published On: June 20, 2018 | Pages: 037 - 043

Author(s): Susumu Mukai*

Introduction: Respiratory inhibition by ankyloglossia with deviation of the epiglottis and larynx (ADEL) was thought to be caused by tongue muscles. But to explain this effect by the tongue muscles alone was unreasonable. Thorough investigations of ADEL by head and neck X-rays were performed. The surveillance revealed the existence of an important organ necessary in t ...

Abstract View | Full Article View | DOI: 10.17352/2455-1759.000073

Obstructive Sleep Apnea Syndrome (OSAS): Who Are Our Patients?
The Obstructive Sleep Apnea Syndrome (OSAS) is characterized by interruption or reduction of airflow during sleep despite respiratory effort, causing awakenings, oxyhemoglobin desaturation and excessive daytime sleepiness. ...