In this issue

Research Article

**A Study on clinical patterns of mucocutaneous candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients**

Published On: December 12, 2017 | Pages: 032 - 034

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Candidiasis is the most common superficial fungal infection in immunocompromised patients. With the advent of wide spectrum of immunosuppressive drug and increase in HIV patients, there is a change in the epidemiology and clinical presentation of mucocutaneous candidiasis. ...

[Abstract View] [Full Article View] [DOI: 10.17352/2455-8605.000024]

Role of Helicobacter Pylori in Chronic Urticaria among Egyptian Patients with Dyspepsia: A case–control study

Published On: October 31, 2017 | Pages: 026 - 031

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Chronic urticaria is one of the most frequent skin diseases and still its etiology is recognized only in a minority of cases. Some recent studies point out to infections due to Helicobacter Pylori as being of major importance in the pathogenesis of chronic urticaria. This study aimed to find out the association of chronic urticaria with H. pylori ...

[Abstract View] [Full Article View] [DOI: 10.17352/2455-8605.000023]

Profile of Bacterial Dermohypodermitis in Senegal over a 30-year period

Published On: September 21, 2017 | Pages: 022 - 025
Author(s): Diallo M*, Niasse M, Diatta BA, Diop A, Ndiaye M, Ly F and Dieng MT

Introduction: The increase of both the frequency and severity of the bacterial dermohypodermitis (BDH) in Senegal suggests the existence of other risk factors outside of those classically known to be involved. Our study aimed to clarify the epidemiological, clinical and risk factors of BDH in Senegal. ...
Curcumin, the active ingredient in the spice turmeric, has been used in many Eastern countries for its known anti-inflammatory activity. Recently, ...