Research Article

Distribution of S. mutans and S. sorbinus in Caries Active and Caries Free Children by PCR Approach

Published On: June 05, 2015 | Pages: 027 - 030

Author(s): Harleen Soni*, Manasi Vasavada

Introduction Dental caries is one of the most common chronic infectious disease of childhood, caused by the interaction of bacteria, mainly Streptococcus mutans, and sugary foods on tooth enamel. These bacteria break down sugars for energy, causing an acidic environment in the mouth and result in demineralization of the enamel of the teeth and dental caries [1 1. ...
years (1995-2015) with 1318 Patients in a General Traumatology-department and Evidence-based Treatm

Published On: March 31, 2015 | Pages: 006 - 016

Author(s): Angelo Troedhan*

Introduction Although the incidence of zygoma- and related orbital-floor fractures decreased over the years towards the turn of the millennium for road-vehicle-accident related causes in the overall population of countries with mandatory passive and active safety-devices in cars and mandatory helmet-duty when motorcycling [1 Covington DS, Wainwright DJ, Teichgraeb ...

Abstract View | Full Article View | DOI: 10.17352/2455-4634.000002

Case Report

New Features in Mucous-Ameloblastoma. A Case Report of rare Entity

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Author(s): Ibrahim Saeed Gataa*, Balkees Taha Garib, Noroz Hama Rashid

Introduction Ameloblastoma (AB) is a well-known rare benign epithelial odontogenic tumor that more frequently involves the posterior region of the lower jaw at middle-aged male patient. Although it is slowly growing, it has local aggressive behavior and great tendency to recur if not properly excised. It has an unpredictable tendency to metastasize and required sur ...

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Editorial

Bridge Therapy: To Bridge, or not to Bridge, that is the Question?

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Author(s): Ayman Hegab*

Patients undergoing oral anticoagulation treatment with vitamin K antagonist (VKA) therapy are at a high risk of bleeding when undergoing an oral surgical procedure. Bridging therapy with parenteral heparin, aims to protect these patients
against thromboembolism during temporary periprocedural interruption of VKA therapy. Whether or not to interrupt VKA therapy and in ...