An Examination of the Relationship between Socio-epidemiologic Factors and Positive Workplace Drug Tests in the United States

An examination of the relationship between social factors and positive workplace drug tests has heuristic value for understanding population vulnerability to subsequent employment disruption.

Time of Death Relative to Alcohol Use: Application of Brain: blood Ratios and Gastric Ethanol

A comparison of post-mortem toxicology results was made from victims in whom reasonable estimates of drinking were available to determine if blood, brain and gastric alcohol contents had combined forensic usefulness.

Ethnic Differences in Abstinence Self-Efficacy among Recovering Individuals

The purpose of the current study was to explore ethnic differences in drug abstinence self-efficacy among recovering individuals. Levels of abstinence self-efficacy among African Americans and European Americans increased, decreased,
and then increased again over the year. ...
Risks of Methadone use as Substitute Therapy for Opioid Addiction during Pregnancy and use of Clonidine as a Plausible Alternative

Published On: April 30, 2016 | Pages: 005 - 009

Author(s): Masroor Munim*, Zafar Iqbal, David F Stowe

Detoxification of opioid addiction during the pregnancy has been avoided since 1970 after some reports showed untoward outcome including stillbirth and acute narcotic withdrawal syndrome in neonates. It was recommended at that time to avoid detoxification until more data was collected and improved monitoring of fetal homeostasis became available. Since then methadone ...

Why the Polarizing of Addiction Professionals Regarding Abstinence versus Harm Reduction Therapy is so Absurd

Published On: March 26, 2016 | Pages: 004 - 004

Author(s): Scott W Stern*

During the past 20 years I've been in practice, I have found that all addiction treatments are, in fact, some form of harm reduction. We’ve yet to find an infallible treatment for addictions and substance use disorders. However, the change in the DSM terminology is very significant. It differentiates diagnoses of substance abuse and chemical dependency from its evolve ...