Correlation of glycosylated hemoglobin level with the severity of coronary artery
disease in diabetic patients

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Background: Diabetes Mellitus (DM) is known to cause microvascular and possibly macrovascular complications as it one of the major risk factors for Coronary Artery Disease (CAD). CAD is a major cause of death in developed countries. The study aims to assess the relation of glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels and severity of CAD in diabetic patients.