Surgical management of embolised occlude devices and its complications—Single centre experience of ten years at Grant Medical College, Mumbai, Maharashtra

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Introduction: In this study, we have analyzed our experience in surgical management of device embolization after transcatheter closure of atrial septal defect [ASD] and its complications. Method: This study is a review of 27 patients out of 300 patients who underwent transcatheter device closure of ASD between August 2007 to August 2017, in whom the device embolised ...

Complications of a Fenestrated Endovascular Aortic Aneurysm Repair (EVAR): A case study and first experience of National Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases Hospital, Dhaka

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Endovascular aneurysm repair (EVAR) has revolutionized the therapeutic strategy for abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA). However, hostile proximal neck and tortuosity of access remain a challenge in selecting optimal stent grafts in AAA. Although EVAR is obviously less invasive than open surgical procedure, it is not free of complications. This can potentially result in s ...
Complete Left Pericardial Agenesis associated with Ventricular Septal Defect

9 years old male patient admitted to our department with complaints of recurrent respiratory tract infection since 2 years of age. No History of cyanosis His left eye is absent and it was the abnormality at birth. ...

Combined Application of Percutaneous Extracorporeal Lung Assistance System Together with Catheter-Directed Therapy for the Rescue of Massive Pulmonary Embolism after Failed Systemic Thrombolysis

A 56 year-old, formerly healthy man, who had undergone surgery of the shoulder joint earlier that same day, was presented at our department with a sudden onset of severe dyspnea and thoracic pain. Clinical findings were central cyanosis, ...

Surgical Technique
Hybrid coronary revascularization (HCR) combines minimally invasive left internal mammary artery to left anterior descending bypass with percutaneous coronary intervention of non-left anterior descending vessels. And it is feasible and appeared to be safe, with faster recovery and similar outcomes when compared with conventional CABG...