Can the response to three months Ibuprofen for controlling Heavy Menstrual Bleeding with IUD be predicted at baseline visit?

Published On: November 21, 2017 | Pages: 093 - 097

Author(s): Mohammed k Ali, Ahmed M Abbas*, Ali H Yosef, Osama S Abdalmageed and Mustafa Bahloul

Objective: The present study examines the hypothesis that the clinical and ultrasonography data reported at baseline visit can predict the responsiveness of ibuprofen in controlling heavy menstrual bleeding with Cu-IUDs at 3 months follow-up visit. ...

Milking Versus Delayed Cord Clamping in Full Term Neonates Delivered by Elective Caesarean Section a Randomized Controlled Trial

Published On: July 15, 2017 | Pages: 079 - 083

Author(s): Ahmed M El-kotb

Preterm labor is defined as the presence of uterine contractions of sufficient frequency and intensity to effect progressive effacement and dilation of the cervix prior to term gestation (between 20 and 37 completed weeks) [1]. ...

Investigation and Typing of Human Papillomavirus in Cervical Swab Samples

Published On: June 09, 2017 | Pages: 070 - 074

Author(s): Ozlem Genc*, Evrim Aksu, Cengiz Kocak, Aynur Gulcan and Nadi Keskin

In our study, the aims are typing and investigating of Human Papillomavirus (HPV) in cervical swab samples by multiplex
real time polymerase chain reaction (PCR). Besides PCR results and cytological evaluation of the samples were compared. ...

**Assessment of Psychological Symptoms and Quality of Life among Women with Urinary Incontinence**

Published On: May 31, 2017 | Pages: 064 - 069

Author(s): Mansour Khalifa, Mansour A. Farag, Azza M. Abd El Aziz, Shymaa S. Ali, Nabila T. Ahmed4 and Ahmed M. Abbas*

Objective: Urinary incontinence (UI) is a common condition and a global health concern, the burden of this condition is greatest in developing countries of Asia, South America and Africa. The current study aims to assess and compare the psychological symptoms and quality of life (Qol) of women with UI in Assiut (Egypt) and Sana’a (Yemen). ...

**Distribution and immunoexpression of LOX, PCP and Myofi broblasts in Vaginal Tissue of Postmenopausal Women with and without Pelvic Organ Prolapse**

Published On: May 19, 2017 | Pages: 056 - 060

Author(s): Christos Kleanthis*, Kondi-Pafi ti A, Liapis E, Lambrinoudaki and Vakas P

Aim: of the study was to investigate the difference of distribution and expression of the lysyl oxidase enzymes (LOX), the pro-collagen C proteinase (PCP) and the myofi broblasts in the vaginal tissue of postmenopausal women, with and without prolapse. ...

**Screening and Prevention of Cervical Cancer in the World**
Cervical cancer is the leading cause of morbidity and mortality among gynecological cancers worldwide. Cervical cancer is the main cancer found in developing countries. There are risk factors for cervical cancer worldwide, ...

Case Report: Pelvic abscess formation secondary to the use of commercial hemostatic topical agent in an immunocompromised patient?

Various hemostatic agents are currently available for routine laparoscopic procedures, avoiding thermal lesions due to energy devices and the complexity of intracorporeal sutures, however, evidence of complications in immunocompromised patients is still lacking. ...
Biological Analyses for Characterization of the Uterine Sarcoma Using Mouse Model

Published On: May 25, 2017 | Pages: 061 - 063

Author(s): Takuma Hayashi*, Tomoyuki Ichimura, Mari Kasai, Yae Kanai, Hirofumi Ando, Koichi Ida, Nobuo Yaegashi, Susumu Tonegawa and Ikuo Konishi

Uterine sarcomas are neoplastic malignancies that typically arise in tissues of a mesenchymal origin in uterine body. The identification of novel molecular mechanisms leading to sarcoma formation, and the establishment of new therapies and biomarkers has been hampered by several critical factors. ...