Evaluation of efficacy & safety of oral fixed dose combination of probiotics in bacterial vaginosis

Published On: August 02, 2019 | Pages: 034 - 037

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Aim: To evaluate the efficacy and safety of vaginal specific lactobacilli strain in management of bacterial vaginosis.
Method: A non-randomized, open labeled, non-comparative, multi-centric, study was conducted in total of 58 female patients suffering from bacterial vaginosis. Each patient was administered a combination of four strains of Lactobacilli. Vaginal p ...

Severe obstetric morbidity (near miss)

Published On: July 19, 2019 | Pages: 026 - 030

Author(s): Vargas Hernández Víctor Manuel*, Tovar Rodríguez José María and Becerril Rodríguez Paola Rocío

Background: A case of “Near miss maternal” or severe obstetric condition is defined as the patient at risk of dying, which survives the complication that occurred during pregnancy, delivery or at the end of the puerperium; or women who have survived the risks that endanger their lives. ...

Complications of Robotic Surgery in Oncological Gynecology: The Experience of the Brazilian National Institute of Cancer
The number of surgeries performed with robotic equipment has increased ever since its release by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2005 [1]. Robotic surgery is well accepted and seems to be as effective as laparoscopy in the treatment of endometrial and cervix cancers [2,3]. Some of the advantages of using this method over the traditional laparoscopic techni ...
A very rare mass in the uterus: Malignant lymphoma

Published On: August 13, 2019 | Pages: 040 - 041

Author(s): Fatma Devran Bilircn*

The female genital area is the first site of malignant lymphoma; is a very rare localization. While most genital lymphomas occur in the vagina or cervix, uterine corpus is very rare [1]....

An often-overlooked factor in pelvic pain: Pelvic congestion syndrome

Published On: August 12, 2019 | Pages: 038 - 039

Author(s): Fatma Devran*

Chronic pelvic pain (CPP) is defined as intermittent or persistent pain not associated with pregnancy, menstruation or coitus, which is localized in the abdomen or pelvis lasting at least three to six months. ...

Variation of caesarean section rates in Sub-Saharan Africa: A literature review

Published On: August 14, 2019 | Pages: 042 - 047

Author(s): Dikete M*, Coppier Y, Trigaux P, Filis JF, Englert Y, Simon P and Zhang W

Introduction: Ensuring access to quality caesarean section (CS) care is a key millenium development strategy and the next sustainable development goal to reduce maternal and infant mortality. The WHO recommends that the caesarean section rate should not exceed 10-15%. The objective of our analysis is to document the variability of caesarean section rates in Sub-Sa ...