Quantitative Dot Blot Assays to determine Vibrio cholerae O1 Lipopolysaccharide concentration using Monoclonal Antibody

Published On: September 22, 2017 | Pages: 007 - 013

Author(s): Aznar EG*, Alfaro OO, Cuello DC, Blanco OC, Sánchez AF, et al.

Introduction: Rapid diagnosis is fundamental for epidemiological control of Cholera disease. Contradictorily the gold standard test (stool culture) takes several days. Finlay Vaccine Institute obtained an Immunoagglutination test for rapid diagnosis of Cholera (FCIT), based on a monoclonal antibody anti- LPS O1 coupled to latex particles. FCIT, includes a positive ...

Abstract View | Full Article View | DOI: 10.17352/ojabc.000002

Determination of Magnesium in Blood Serum by Using Carbon Paste Ion Selective Electrode Based on Multi-Walled Carbon Nanotubes and Nano Silicon

Published On: August 25, 2016 | Pages: 001 - 006

Author(s): Hadi Gohari*

The number of trace metallic elements of biological importance is increasing and a wide range of elements need to be analyzed in blood, urine and tissues. There is often a natural limitation of sample volume particularly in the analysis of blood and tissue digest samples. ...

Abstract View | Full Article View | DOI: 10.17352/ojabc.000001

A Comparative Computational and Experimental Study on Different Vibrational
In the current image article, we present different computational and experimental vibrational biospectroscopy methods and techniques such as Fourier Transform–Near–Infrared (FT–NIR), Fourier Transform–Short–Wavelength Infrared (FT–SIR), Fourier Transform–Mid–Wavelength Infrared (FT–MIR), Fourier Transform–Long–Wavelength Infrared (FT–LIR), Fourier Transform–Far–Infra...