Clinical practice evaluation of opioids induced constipation management in patients with cancer: The EIO-50 project

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Introduction: Opioid-Induced Constipation (OIC) is a common distressing symptom associated with cancer pain treatment. Consensus guidelines for management of OIC are limited and little is known about the decision making of Health Care Professionals (HCP) for the management of OIC. The aim of this study was to learn about the diagnostic and treatment criteria of OIC ma ...

Analysis of care for cancer patients with opioid-induced constipation in clinical practice: EIO-PRAXIS Project

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Purpose: The objective of the study was to analyses how Opioid-Induced Constipation (OIC) is managed in cancer patients in clinical practice for comparison against the current recommendations for the management of patients with OIC. ...
Referred scapula pain from C6 or C7 cervical spinal stenosis

Objective: The aim of the present study was to determine if there exists referred medial scapula pain from C6 or C7 cervical spinal stenosis. Scapula pain of neurologic origin at present is felt to be mediated mainly by C5 through the dorsal scapular nerve. An interventional spine clinic noted a series of patients with medial scapula pain without C5 stenosis, however ...

Abstract View  Full Article View  DOI: 10.17352/ojpm.000013

Observational study to analyse the opioid titration process in the treatment of breakthrough pain of cancer patients in clinical practice

Background: During the oncological disease, patients may suffer a special type of pain called breakthrough pain (BTP), defined as a transient exacerbation of pain that occurs either spontaneously, or in relation to a specific predictable or unpredictable trigger, despite relatively stable and adequately controlled background pain. Opioids are an essential part of BTP ...

Abstract View  Full Article View  DOI: 10.17352/ojpm.000010

Methods for saving opioids in the perioperative period via intravenous, via neuraxial and in nervous blocks

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The greatest challenge facing anesthesiologists in the current clinical context is to provide adequate perioperative care, achieving sufficient control of acute pain and at the same time make responsible use of intraoperative opioids. ...

Consensus statement on the management of breakthrough cancer pain: Assessment, treatment and monitoring recommendations

Objective: Breakthrough cancer pain (BTcP) is still underestimated and a percentage of patients are not adequately treated, affecting their quality of life. The aim of this review was to generate a series of expert recommendations based on clinical experience and current scientific data on the management of BTcP. ...

Malignant hyperthermia in young patient undergoing a surgical procedure under general anesthesia

Malignant hyperthermia (MH) is a hypermetabolic disease induced by the administration of anesthetic drugs in patients with genetic susceptibility. Its incidence ranges from 0.02% to 0.0153%. Here, we report the case of an 18-year-old male patient with no previous relevant surgical, medical, or family history of disease, who while undergoing a scheduled orthopedic su ...