Risk factors relating the surgical outcomes of lower leg traumatic compartment syndrome in Vietnam

Published On: December 04, 2017 | Pages: 072 - 074

Author(s): Trung DT*, Dinh HN, Trung TN, Duc BN, Ngoc MH

Objectives: 1) Study the clinical and radiographic characteristics of both bones forearm fractures in adults. 2) Evaluate the surgical outcomes of plate and screws fixation for these fractures.

The Surgical Outcomes of Diaphyseal Fractures of Radius and Ulna treated by Plate and Screws Fixation in Vietnam

Published On: November 09, 2017 | Pages: 066 - 068

Author(s): Dung Tran Trung*, Khanh Trinh Le, Tuyen Nguyen Trung, Binh Nguyen Duc, Lam Tran Quoc, Manh Nguyen Huu, Phuong Nguyen Huy, Nam Vu Tu, Hieu Pham Trung

Objectives: 1) Study the clinical and radiographic characteristics of both bones forearm fractures in adults. 2) Evaluate the surgical outcomes of plate and screws fixation for these fractures.

WAD – Criteria for Evaluation of Causality

Published On: June 14, 2017 | Pages: 054 - 063
Whiplash Associated Disorders (WAD) have caused frustrating problems since decades for people injured in various types of accidents. Certain circumstances and misunderstandings explain this anomaly.

**Methamphetamine abuse: The link between Immunosuppression, Fournier’s gangrene and Candida**

Published On: November 29, 2017 | Pages: 069 - 071

Author(s): Workman A*, Rajesh G

Fournier’s gangrene is a rapidly progressive and potentially fatal infective necrotizing fasciitis of the perineum, external genitalia and/or perianal regions. The most common etiology of the infection is bacterial; however, there have been published cases of Fournier’s gangrene caused by yeast in patients with severe immunosuppression. Cutaneous fungal infections are ...

**Morel-Lavallée Lesion: A not so rare, but often missed diagnosis**

Published On: August 02, 2017 | Pages: 064 - 065

Author(s): KTM Opdam, R van de Coevering and I van der Haven*

The Morel-Lavallée lesion is a closed, post-traumatic, soft tissue degloving injury. There is separation of the skin and subcutaneous tissue from the underlying fascia resulting in an effusion and creation of a perifascial space often containing lymph and necrotic fat. ...